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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A timing recovery control signal generated in a timing recovery loop based upon an equalized feedback signal.
 - 2. A timing recovery loop in the front end of a digital receiver, comprising:
- a sample rate converter which receives a symbol stream at a first sampling rate and outputs the symbol stream at a second sampling rate responsive to a timing recovery (TR) control signal;
- a forward equalizer generating an equalized feedback signal based on the symbol stream at the second sampling rate; and
- a timing recovery circuit generating the TR control signal based upon the equalized feedback signal.
- 3. The timing recovery loop as recited in claim 2, further comprising a carrier recovery circuit electrically coupling the sample rate converter to the forward equalizer.
- 4. The timing recovery loop as recited in claim 3, further comprising a finite impulse response (FIR) filter electrically coupling the carrier recovery circuit to the forward equalizer.
- 5. The timing recovery loop as recited in claim 4, wherein the FIR filter is a square-root raised cosine filter.
- 6. A digital receiver connected to N antennae including N timing recovery loops electrically coupled to the N antennae, each of the N timing recovery loops constructed as recited in claim 2.
- 7. A timing recovery loop in the front end of a digital receiver including N antennae, comprising:

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N sample rate converters which receive an Nth symbol stream at a first sampling rate from an Nth antenna and outputs the Nth symbol stream at a second sampling rate responsive to a timing recovery (TR) control signal;

N forward equalizers generating an Nth equalized feedback signal based on the Nth symbol stream at the second sampling rate, respectively; and

a timing recovery circuit generating the TR control signal based upon the N equalized feedback signals.

- 8. The timing recovery loop as recited in claim 7, further comprising N carrier recovery circuits, each electrically coupling an Nth one of the N sample rate converters to an Nth one of the forward equalizers.
- 9. The timing recovery loop as recited in claim 8, further comprising N finite impulse response (FIR) filters, each electrically coupling an Nth one of the carrier recovery circuits to an Nth one of the forward equalizers.
- 10. The timing recovery loop as recited in claim 9, wherein each of the N FIR filters is a square-root raised cosine filter.
- 11. A timing recovery loop in the front end of a digital receiver including N antennae, comprising:

N sample rate converters, each receiving an Nth symbol stream at a first sampling rate from an Nth antenna and outputting the Nth symbol stream at a second sampling rate responsive to a timing recovery (TR) control signal;

N forward equalizers, each generating an Nth equalized feedback signal based on the Nth symbol stream at the second sampling rate, respectively; and

a timing recovery circuit generating the TR control signal based upon a selected one of the N equalized feedback signals.

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- 12. The timing recovery loop as recited in claim 11, further comprising N carrier recovery circuits, each electrically coupling an Nth one of the N sample rate converters to an Nth one of the forward equalizers.
- 13. The timing recovery loop as recited in claim 12, further comprising N finite impulse response (FIR) filters, each electrically coupling an Nth one of the carrier recovery circuits to an Nth one of the forward equalizers.
- 14. The timing recovery loop as recited in claim 13, wherein each of the N FIR filters is a square-root raised cosine filter.
- 15. The timing recovery loop as recited in claim 11, further comprising a selector receiving N signals based on the N equalized feedback signals at N respective input terminals and applying the selected one of the N signals to the timing recovery circuit.
- 16. A method for operating a digital receiver including a sample rate converter responsive to a timing recovery (TR) control signal, comprising:

generating an equalized feedback signal based on a symbol stream having a controlled sample rate;

producing the TR control signal based on the equalized feedback signal; and applying the TR control signal to the sample rate converter to thereby permit the sample rate converter to output the symbol stream at the controlled sample rate.

17. A method for operating a digital receiver, including N sample rate converters responsive to a timing recovery (TR) control signal, connected to N antennae, respectively, comprising:

generating N equalized feedback signals, each based on an Nth symbol stream having a controlled sample rate;

combining the N equalized feedback signal to produce a combined equalized feedback

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signal;

producing the TR control signal based on the combined equalized feedback signal; and applying the TR control signal to the sample rate converter to thereby permit the N sample rate converters to output N symbol streams at the controlled sample rate.

18. A method for operating a digital receiver, including N sample rate converters responsive to a timing recovery (TR) control signal, connected to N antennae, respectively, comprising:

generating N equalized feedback signals, each based on an Nth symbol stream having a controlled sample rate;

selecting one of the N equalized feedback signals to produce a selected equalized feedback signal;

producing the TR control signal based on the selected equalized feedback signal; and applying the TR control signal to the sample rate converter to thereby permit the N sample rate converters to output N symbol streams at the controlled sample rate.